



Privacy Act of 1974  
System of Records Notice  
**U.S. RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD**

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***Standard Disclosures for RRB Privacy Act Systems of Records***

*Federal Register*                    [79 FR 58874](#)

*Effective Date*                    December 1, 2014

Beside those disclosures provided under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of The Privacy Act which pertain generally to all of the RRB systems of records, the RRB implemented in their 2007 *Federal Register* notice, certain standard disclosures which apply to these systems of records, unless specifically excluded in a system notice. These standard disclosures are in addition to the particular routine uses listed under each system of records, as follows:

**Standard Disclosure 1.—Congressional.** Disclosure may be made to a congressional office from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from the congressional office made at the request of that individual if that individual would not be denied access to the information.

**Standard Disclosure 2.—Presidential.** Disclosure of relevant information from the record of an individual may be made to the Office of the President in response to an inquiry from that office made at the request of that individual or a third party on the individual's behalf if that individual would not be denied access to the information.

**Standard Disclosure 3.—Contractors working for Federal Government.** Disclosure may be made to contractors, grantees, experts, consultants, students, and others performing or working on a contract, service, grant, cooperative agreement, or other assignment for the Federal government, to the extent necessary to accomplish an RRB function related to this system of records.

**Standard Disclosure 4.—Law Enforcement.** Disclosure may be made to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, State, local, or foreign, charged with the responsibility of investigating, enforcing, or prosecuting a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature, and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto, or charged with enforcing or implementing the statute, rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant thereto, if the disclosure would be to an agency engaged in functions related to the Railroad Retirement Act or the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, or if disclosure would be clearly in the furtherance of the interest of the subject individual.

**Standard Disclosure 5.—Breach Notification.** Disclosure may be made, to appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when (1) the Railroad Retirement Board suspects or has confirmed that the security or confidentiality of information in the system of records has been compromised; (2) the Railroad Retirement Board has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed compromise there is a risk of harm to economic or property interests, identity theft or fraud, or harm to the security or integrity of this system or other systems or programs (whether maintained by the Railroad Retirement Board or another agency or entity) that rely upon the compromised information; and (3) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connection with the Railroad Retirement Board's efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed compromise and prevent,



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minimize, or remedy such harm.

**Standard Disclosure 6.—National Archives.** Disclosure may be made to the National Archives and Records Administration or other Federal government agencies for records management inspections being conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.

**Standard Disclosure 7.—Attorney Representative.** Disclosure of non-medical information in this system of records may be made to the attorney representing such individual upon receipt of a written letter or declaration stating the fact of representation, if that individual would not be denied access to the information. Medical information may be released to an attorney when such records are requested for the purpose of contesting a determination either administratively or judicially.